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SPECIFICATION

TITLE OF THE INVENTION

PROGRAM ADDITION METHOD AND PROGRAM
ADDITION SYSTEM

5 CLAIMS

1. A program addition method for use in a program addition system including a server which creates a program-addition file for being stored in a program-addition recording medium, and an information processing apparatus which adds a program to a
10 program-initiation recording medium by using the program-addition recording medium, the program addition method comprising the steps of:

acquiring identification information of the program-initiation recording medium to create a program-addition file in response to
15 the identification information, so that starting of the program on the information processing apparatus is allowed by the program-addition file with the program stored in the program-initiation recording medium;

detecting the program-addition recording medium in which the
20 program-addition file is recorded, to perform an authentication check of the program-addition file read from the program-addition recording medium; and

adding the program to the program-initiation recording medium according to a result of the authentication check.

25 2. A program addition method for use in a program addition

system including a server which creates a program-addition file for being stored in a program-addition recording medium, and an image processing device which adds a program to a program-initiation recording medium by using the program-addition recording medium,
5 the program addition method comprising the steps of:

acquiring identification information of the program-initiation recording medium to create a program-addition file in response to the identification information, so that starting of the program on the image processing device is allowed by the program-addition file
10 with the program stored in the program-initiation recording medium;

detecting the program-addition recording medium in which the program-addition file is recorded, to perform an authentication check of the program-addition file read from the program-addition recording medium; and

15 adding the program to the program-initiation recording medium according to a result of the authentication check.

3. The program addition method according to claim 1 or 2, further comprising the step of transmitting the program-addition file from the server to the information processing apparatus or the image
20 forming device via a network.

4. The program addition method according to claim 3, further comprising the step of storing the program-addition file in the program-addition recording medium which is used for the addition of the program to the program-initiation recording medium.

25 5. The program addition method according to claim 1 or 2,

wherein the program-addition file comprises a program file, an electronic signature of the program file, a configuration file, and an electronic signature of the configuration file, so that starting of the program on the information processing apparatus is allowed by the program-addition file with the program stored in the program-
5 initiation recording medium.

6. The program addition method according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the acquiring step comprises:

receiving the program file, the electronic signature of the
10 program file, and the configuration file; and

creating a second electronic signature of the configuration file based on the identification information of the program-initiation recording medium and the acquired configuration file.

7. The program addition method according to claim 1 or 2, wherein, in the acquiring step, the identification information is
15 acquired from a predetermined information provider device.

8. The program addition method according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the program file, the electronic signature of the program file, and the configuration file are acquired from a predetermined
20 information provider device.

9. The program addition method according to claim 1, wherein a file transmitting unit of the server transmits the program-addition file to a computer terminal in which the program-addition file is stored in a program-addition recording medium.

25 10. The program addition method according to claim 2,

wherein, when there are two or more program-initiation recording mediums, the program addition unit displays a screen to select one of the program-initiation recording mediums is displayed, and adds the program to the selected program-initiation recording medium.

5 11. The program addition method according to any of claims 1 to 10, wherein an information transmitting unit of a computer terminal transmits, to the server, information required to acquire identification information of the program-initiation recording medium.

10 12. A program addition system including a server which creates a program-addition file for being stored in a program-addition recording medium, and an information processing apparatus which adds a program to a program-initiation recording medium by using the program-addition recording medium,

15 wherein the server is configured to acquire identification information of the program-initiation recording medium, and to create a program-addition file in response to the identification information, so that starting of the program on the information processing apparatus is allowed by the program-addition file with
20 the program stored in the program-initiation recording medium,

 wherein the information processing apparatus is configured to detect the program-addition recording medium in which the program-addition file is recorded, to perform an authentication check of the program-addition file read from the program-addition recording
25 medium, and to add the program to the program-initiation recording

medium according to a result of the authentication check.

13. A program addition system including a server which creates a program-addition file for being stored in a program-addition recording medium, and an image processing device which
5 adds a program to a program-initiation recording medium by using the program-addition recording medium,

wherein the server is configured to acquire identification information of the program-initiation recording medium, and to create a program-addition file in response to the identification
10 information, so that starting of the program on the image processing device is allowed by the program-addition file with the program stored in the program-initiation recording medium,

wherein the image processing device is configured to detect the program-addition recording medium in which the program-
15 addition file is recorded, to perform an authentication check of the program-addition file read from the program-addition recording medium, and to add the program to the program-initiation recording medium according to a result of the authentication check.

14. The program addition system according to claim 12 or 13,
20 wherein the program-addition file is transmitted from the server to the information processing apparatus or the image forming device via a network.

15. The program addition system according to claim 12 or 13,
wherein the program-addition file is stored in the program-addition
25 recording medium which is used for the addition of the program to

the program-initiation recording medium.

16. The program addition system according to claim 12 or 13,
wherein the program-addition file comprises a program file, an
electronic signature of the program file, a configuration file, and an
5 electronic signature of the configuration file, so that starting of the
program on the information processing apparatus is allowed by the
program-addition file with the program stored in the program-
initiation recording medium.

17. The program addition system according to claim 12 or 13,
10 wherein the program file, the electronic signature of the program file,
and the configuration file are received, and a second electronic
signature of the configuration file is created based on the
identification information of the program-initiation recording
medium and the acquired configuration file.

15 18. The program addition system according to claim 12,
wherein the identification information is acquired from a
predetermined information provider device.

19. The program addition system according to claim 12,
wherein the program file, the electronic signature of the program file,
20 and the configuration file are acquired from a predetermined
information provider device.

20. The program addition system according to claim 13,
wherein a file transmitting unit of the server transmits the program-
addition file to a computer terminal in which the program-addition
25 file is stored in a program-addition recording medium.

21. The program addition system according to claim 13,
wherein, when there are two or more program-initiation recording
mediums, the program addition unit displays a screen to select one
of the program-initiation recording mediums is displayed, and adds
5 the program to the selected program-initiation recording medium.

22. The program addition system according to any of claims
12 to 21, wherein an information transmitting unit of a computer
terminal transmits, to the server, information required to acquire
identification information of the program-initiation recording
10 medium.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention generally relates to a program addition
method and a program addition system, and more specifically to a
program addition method and a program addition system which are
15 configured to add a program to a program initiating recording
medium using a program addition recording medium.

DESCRIPTION OF RELATED ART

An information processing apparatus, such as a personal
computer, carries out various kinds of information processing by
20 performing one or more programs corresponding to respective
information processing procedures.

Moreover, an image forming apparatus (for example, a multi-
function peripheral system), which is an application example of the
information processing apparatus, is provided with the display unit,
25 the printing unit, the image pickup unit, etc., which are

accommodated in a single housing, in addition to the four kinds of programs corresponding to the printer, the copier, the facsimile, and the scanner, respectively. By selecting one of the programs, the multi-function peripheral system is operated as the selected one of the printer, the copier, the facsimile, and the scanner.

Japanese Laid-Open Patent Application No. 2002-084383 discloses an example of the multi-function peripheral system mentioned above.

Upon power-up of the multi-function peripheral system or the like, the BIOS (basic input/output system) and the boot loader are started. The boot loader expands the operating system (OS) and the root file system on the RAM (random access memory), and initiates the OS. The OS mounts the root file system. The “mounting” herein means that a file system, a peripheral device, etc. are started so that the file system or peripheral device can be accessed by another system or device.

After the startup of the OS, the bootstrap which starts an application program (which is called the application) is started. The bootstrap is a process which is first started by the information processing apparatus or the multi-function peripheral system.

The bootstrap mounts the file system according to a predetermined configuration file. The bootstrap starts the program, which is required for operation of the information processing apparatus or the multi-function peripheral system and recorded in a program-initiation recording medium, such as a hard disk drive

(HDD) or a SD (secure digital) card, according to the predetermined configuration file.

In recent years, there is an increasing demand for a program addition system that can easily add a new program for use in the information processing apparatus or the multi-function peripheral system to the program-initiation recording medium mentioned above.

[Patent Document 1] Japanese Laid-Open Patent Application No. 2002-084383

DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

10 THE OBJECTIVE TO BE SOLVED BY THE INVENTION

The addition of a new program to the above-mentioned program-initiation recording medium may be carried out through the network, such as the Internet or a LAN. Moreover, the addition of a new program to the program-initiation recording medium may be carried out by using an SD card which is a detachable recording medium the insertion and removal of which is possible.

The user can make use of the program which is added to the program-initiation recording medium, in any information processing apparatus or multi-function peripheral system. Hence, there is a possibility that the program may be illegally added to a program-initiation recording medium which is provided in the information processing apparatus or the multi-function peripheral system which is not authorized to add the program thereto.

Moreover, when a program is added to a program-initiation recording medium using a detachable program-addition recording

medium, such as an SD card, the insertion and removal of which is possible, the program recorded in the program-addition recording medium can be also used with any information processing apparatus or multi-function peripheral system. There is also a possibility that
5 the program may be illegally added to a program-initiation recording medium which is provided in the information processing apparatus or the multi-function peripheral system which is not authorized to add the program thereto.

Therefore, when adding the program to the program-initiation
10 recording medium of the information processing apparatus or the multi-function peripheral system, the provision of a mechanism for preventing the program added to the program-initiation recording medium from being illegally used is demanded, in order to establish the security of the program.

15 Accordingly, an object of the present invention is to provide an improved program addition system and method in which the above-described problems are eliminated.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a
program addition system and method which creates a program-
20 addition file on a recording medium in response to identification information of a program-initiation recording medium, in order to prevent the illegal use of a program added to the program-initiation recording medium and establish the security of the program added thereto.

MEANS TO ACHIEVE THE OBJECTIVE

The above-mentioned objects of the present invention are achieved by a program addition method for use in program addition system including a server which creates a program-addition file for
5 being stored in a program-addition recording medium, and an information processing apparatus which adds a program to a program-initiation recording medium by using the program-addition recording medium, the program addition method comprising the steps of: acquiring identification information of the program-
10 initiation recording medium to create a program-addition file in response to the identification information, so that starting of the program on the information processing apparatus is allowed by the program-addition file with the program stored in the program-initiation recording medium; detecting the program-addition
15 recording medium in which the program-addition file is recorded, to perform an authentication check of the program-addition file read from the program-addition recording medium; and adding the program to the program-initiation recording medium according to a result of the authentication check.

20 The above-mentioned objects of the present invention are achieved by a program addition method for use in program addition system including a server which creates a program-addition file for being stored in a program-addition recording medium, and an image processing device which adds a program to a program-initiation
25 recording medium by using the program-addition recording medium,

the program addition method comprising the steps of: acquiring
identification information of the program-initiation recording
medium to create a program-addition file in response to the
identification information, so that starting of the program on the
5 image processing device is allowed by the program-addition file
with the program stored in the program-initiation recording medium;
detecting the program-addition recording medium in which the
program-addition file is recorded, to perform an authentication
check of the program-addition file read from the program-addition
10 recording medium; and adding the program to the program-initiation
recording medium according to a result of the authentication check.

The above-mentioned objects of the present invention are
achieved by a program addition system including a server which
creates a program-addition file for being stored in a program-
15 addition recording medium, and an information processing apparatus
which adds a program to a program-initiation recording medium by
using the program-addition recording medium, wherein the server is
configured to acquire identification information of the program-
initiation recording medium, and to create a program-addition file in
20 response to the identification information, so that starting of the
program on the information processing apparatus is allowed by the
program-addition file with the program stored in the program-
initiation recording medium, wherein the information processing
apparatus is configured to detect the program-addition recording
25 medium in which the program-addition file is recorded, to perform

an authentication check of the program-addition file read from the program-addition recording medium, and to add the program to the program-initiation recording medium according to a result of the authentication check.

5 The above-mentioned objects of the present invention are achieved by a program addition system including a server which creates a program-addition file for being stored in a program-addition recording medium, and an image processing device which adds a program to a program-initiation recording medium by using
10 the program-addition recording medium, wherein the server is configured to acquire identification information of the program-initiation recording medium, and to create a program-addition file in response to the identification information, so that starting of the program on the image processing device is allowed by the program-addition file with the program stored in the program-initiation
15 recording medium, wherein the image processing device is configured to detect the program-addition recording medium in which the program-addition file is recorded, to perform an authentication check of the program-addition file read from the
20 program-addition recording medium, and to add the program to the program-initiation recording medium according to a result of the authentication check.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

25 A description will now be given of embodiments of the invention with reference to the accompanying drawings.

FIG. 1 is a block diagram of an embodiment of the information processing apparatus of the present invention.

The information processing apparatus 1 is constituted so that the software group 2, the boot unit 3, and the hardware resources 4 may be included.

The boot unit 3 is first activated upon power-up of the information processing apparatus 1, and starts the program initiating unit which is described later.

The program initiating unit starts the software group 2 of the information processing apparatus 1.

Moreover, the program initiating unit reads the programs of the SD card control unit 11, the program addition unit 12, the applications 14-1 to 14-n from the auxiliary memory device or the SD card, etc., and transmits each program to the memory device so that it starts the program. Hereinafter, the applications mean the application programs which are executed on the OS (operating system), and such programs or the application programs may also be called the applications.

The hardware resources 4 comprise the hardware resources, including the input device, the display device, the auxiliary memory device, the memory device, the interface device, and the SD-card slot.

Moreover, the software group 2 includes the programs of the SD card control unit 11, the program addition unit 12, and the applications 14-1 to 14-n, which are started on the OS, such as

UNIX (registered trademark).

The OS carries out parallel execution of the programs (or the applications) of the SD card control unit 11, the program addition unit 12 and the applications 14-1 to 14-n, as the processes on the OS.

5 The API (application program interface) 15 is used for the pre-defined function to receive the request from the applications 14-1 to 14-n. The engine I/F 16 is used for the pre-defined function to transmit the request to the hardware resources 4.

10 In addition, the SD card control unit 11, the program addition unit 12, and the program initiating unit will be described later.

Next, a description will be given of a hardware composition of the information processing apparatus 1 of FIG. 1.

FIG. 2 shows a hardware composition of the information processing apparatus 1 of the present invention.

15 The information processing apparatus 1 of FIG. 2 is constituted so that the input device 21, the display device 22, the auxiliary memory device 23, the memory device 24, the arithmetic processing device 25, the interface device 26, and the SD card slot 27, which are interconnected by the bus B, may be included.

20 The input device 21 includes the keyboard, the mouse, etc., and it is used by the operator to input various operational instructions. The display device 22 displays various operational data and windows which are required for the operations.

25 The interface device 26 provides the interfaces for connecting the information processing apparatus 1 to the network or the

computer terminal, and includes the modem, the router, or the devices according to various interface specifications.

The insertion and removal of the SD card is possible with respect to the SD card slot 27. An interrupt signal, which is
5 generated in response to the insertion or removal of the SD card, is transmitted to the SD card control unit from the SD card slot 27.

The auxiliary memory device 23 stores various files, data, etc. The SD card inserted in the SD card slot 27 and the auxiliary memory device 23 store the programs of the SD card control unit 11,
10 the program addition unit 12, the applications 14-1 to 14-n, which are related to the processing of the information processing apparatus 1, and store various files, data, etc. required for the program processing.

The memory device 24 stores the programs, which are read
15 from the SD card control unit 11, the program addition unit 12, and the applications 14-1 to 14-n, from the SD card inserted in the SD card slot 27, and the auxiliary memory device 23, etc. at the time of starting of the information processing apparatus 1.

The arithmetic processing unit 25 performs arithmetic
20 processing according to the programs of the SD card control unit 11, the program addition unit 12 and the applications 14-1 to 14-n, which are stored in the memory device 24.

Next, a description will be given of the composition of the multi-function-peripheral system 31 as an application example of the
25 information processing apparatus 1 of the invention.

The following description will be focused on the composition of the multi-function peripheral system 31. However, the same is applicable to the composition of the information processing apparatus 1 of the invention.

5 The image forming apparatus in the present embodiment is provided with the respective functions of image forming modules, such as the printer, the copier, the facsimile, and the scanner, which are contained in one housing of the apparatus, and the image forming apparatus will be called the multi-function peripheral
10 system (MFP).

 The multi-function peripheral system (MFP) includes the display unit, the printing unit, the image reading unit, etc. in a single housing, and is provided with the four kinds of software (application programs) corresponding to the printer, the copier, the
15 facsimile, and the scanner, respectively. By selecting one of these applications, and the MFP is operated as the selected one of the printer, the copier, the facsimile, and the scanner.

 FIG. 3 is a block diagram of an embodiment of the multi-function peripheral system of the invention.

20 As shown in FIG. 3, the multi-function peripheral system (MFP) 31 is constituted so that the software group 32, the MFP boot unit 33, and the hardware resources 34 are included.

 The MFP boot unit 33 is activated upon power-up of the multi-function peripheral system 31, and starts execution of the
25 application layer 35 and the platform 36 in the software group 32.

For example, the MFP boot unit 33 reads the programs of the application layer 35 and the platform 36 from the hard disk drive (HDD) etc., transfers each read program to the memory storage, and starts the execution thereof.

5 The hardware resources 34 include the monochrome laser beam printer (B&W LP) 41, the color laser printer (Color LP) 42, and other hardware resources 43, such as the scanner and the facsimile.

 The software group 32 includes the application layer 35 and
10 the platform 36 which are operated on the operating system (OS), such as UNIX (registered trademark).

 The application layer 35 includes the programs which perform processing specific to the respective user services related to the image formation, such as the printer, the copier, the facsimile, and
15 the scanner. Specifically, the application layer 35 includes the printer application 51, the copier application 52, the fax application 53, the scanner application 54, and the network file application 55.

 The platform 36 includes the control service layer 37, the system resource manager (SRM) 69, and the handler layer 38. The
20 control service layer 37 interprets the processing request from the application layer 35, and generates the acquisition request to the hardware resources 34. The SRM 69 manages one or more hardware resources 34, and arbitrates the acquisition request from the control service layer 37. The handler layer 38 manages the hardware
25 resources 34 according to the acquisition request from SRM 69.

The control service layer 37 is constituted to include one or more service modules therein. Specifically, the control service layer 37 includes the network control service (NCS) 61, the delivery control service (DCS) 62, the operation panel control service (OCS) 63, the facsimile control service (FCS) 64, the engine control service (ECS) 65, the memory control service (MCS) 66, the user information control service (UCS) 67, and the system control service (SCS) 68.

In addition, the platform 36 is constituted with the pre-defined functions so that the application program interface (API) 81 which receives a processing request from the application layer 35 is included. The operating system (OS) carries out parallel execution of the applications of the application layer 35 and the platform 36 as processes thereon.

The process of NCS 1228 acts as the agent that distributes the data received from the network through the corresponding protocol over the applications, and transmits the data from the applications to the network through the corresponding protocol. For example, the process of NCS 1228 controls data communications of HTTP (hypertext transfer protocol) between the MFP and the clients connected via the network, by using HTTPD (hypertext transfer protocol daemon).

The process of DCS 62 controls delivery of the accumulated documents etc. The process of OCS 63 controls operation of the operation panel. The process of FCS 64 provides the application

program interface for performing the facsimile transmission and reception using the PSTN or ISDN network from the application layer 35, the registration/retrieval of various facsimile data managed with the backup memory, the facsimile reading, the facsimile reception and printing, etc.

The process of ECS 65 controls the engine units, such as the monochrome laser beam printer 41, the color laser printer 42, and the other hardware resources 43. The process of MCS 66 performs memory control of the memory acquisition and releasing, the use of HDD, the compression and expansion of image data, etc. The process of UCS 67 manages user information. The process of SCS 68 controls the application management, the operation panel control, the system monitor displaying, the LED monitor displaying, the hardware-resources management, the interrupted application control, etc.

The process of SRM 69 carries out the system control and the management of the hardware resources 34 associated with SCS 68. For example, the process of SRM 69 arbitrates the acquisition requests from the upper layer to use the hardware resources 34, such as the monochrome laser beam printer 31 and the color laser printer 32, and controls the execution thereof.

Specifically, the process of SRM 69 determines whether the hardware resources 34 can be used according to the acquisition request (or whether they are currently used according to another acquisition request). If the use of the hardware resources 34 is

possible, the process of SRM 69 notifies the upper layer that the hardware resources 34 can be used according to the acquisition request.

Moreover, the process of SRM 69 performs scheduling of the use of the hardware resources 34 according to the acquisition request from the upper layer, and carries out the contents of the request (for example, the paper conveyance and the imaging operation by means of the printer engine, the memory reservation, the file generation, etc.) directly.

Moreover, the handler layer 38 includes the facsimile control unit handler (FCUH) 70 which manages the facsimile control unit (FCU), and the image memory handler (IMH) 71 which carries out the memory assignment of the process and the management of the memory assigned to the process.

SRM 69, FCUH 70, and IMH 71 perform the processing request to the hardware resources 34 by using the engine interface 82 which transmits the processing request to the hardware resources 34 with the pre-defined functions.

With the above-described composition of FIG. 3, the multi-function peripheral system 31 can carry out the intensive control of each processing commonly required by the respective applications on the platform 36.

Next, a description will be given of the hardware configuration of the multi-function peripheral system 31 of the invention. FIG. 4 shows the hardware configuration of the multi-

function peripheral system 31 of FIG. 3.

As shown in FIG. 4, the multi-function peripheral system 31 includes the controller 100, the operation panel 120, the facsimile control unit (FCU) 121, and the engine unit 122.

5 The controller 100 includes the CPU 101, the system memory 102, the north bridge (NB) 103, the south bridge (SB) 104, the application-specific integrated circuit (ASIC) 106, the local memory (LM) 107, the hard disk drive (HDD) 108, the network interface controller (NIC) 109, the SD card slot 110, the USB device 111, the
10 IEEE1394 device 112, and the Centronics interface 113.

 CPU 101 performs the control of the whole multi-function peripheral system 31. CPU 101 starts execution of NCS 61, DCS 62, OCS 63, FCS 64, ECS 65, MCS 66, UCS 67, SCS 68, SRM 69, FCUH 70, and IMH 71, and performs each process of the programs
15 on the OS. Moreover, CPU 101 starts execution of the printer application 51, the copier application 52, the facsimile application 53, the scanner application 54, and the network file application, which constitute the application layer 35, and performs each process of the programs on the OS.

20 NB 103 is the bridge which is provided for interconnection of CPU 101, the system memory 102, SB 104, and ASIC 106. The system memory 102 is the memory which is used for image drawing of the multi-function peripheral system 31. SB 104 is the bridge which is provided for interconnection of NB 103, ROM (not shown),
25 the PCI bus 114, and the peripheral devices.

The local memory 107 is the memory which is used as the image buffer for copying documents or the buffer for encoding images. ASIC 106 is the application-specific integrated circuit for image processing uses including the hardware for image processing.

5 HDD 108 is the storage device for accumulating images, document data, programs, font data, forms, etc. The operation panel 120 is provided to display the operational messages to the operator and receive the input operational commands from the operator.

NIC 109 is the interface device for connecting the MFP 31 to

10 the network. The SD card slot 110 is provided to allow the insertion and removable of the SD card, and the SC card slot 110 transmits an interrupt signal, generated in response to the insertion and removable of the SD card, to the SD card control unit. The USB device 111, the IEEE1394 device 112 and the Centronics interface

15 113 are the interface devices according to the respective interface specifications.

FIG. 5 is a block diagram of an example of the multi-function-peripheral system (MFP) booting unit of FIG. 3.

The multi-function-peripheral system (MFP) booting unit 33

20 comprises the ROM monitor 130 and the program initiating unit 131. As described above, the MFP booting unit 33 is first activated upon power-up of the multi-function peripheral system 31, and starts execution of the application layer 35 and the platform 36 in the software group 32.

25 The ROM monitor 130 which is the BIOS and boot loader is

activated upon power-up of the MFP 31, and performs the initialization of the hardware, the diagnosis of the controller 100, the initialization of the software, etc.

5 The ROM monitor 130 expands the OS and the root file system on the system memory 102, and starts execution of the OS. The OS mounts the root file system.

Moreover, the program initiating unit 131 is called from the OS, and secures the memory areas on the system memory 102 and the LM 107.

10 The program initiating unit 131 is the process which is first initiated by the multi-function peripheral system 1, and mounts the file system according to a predetermined configuration file. Specifically, according to the predetermined configuration file, the program initiating unit 131 reads the programs of the application
15 layer 35 and the platform 36, required for operation of the MFP 31, from the HDD 108, the SD card, the ROM, etc., and expands each read program to the memory areas which are secured on the system memory 102 and the LM 107, so that and the program initiating unit 131 starts the processes of the application layer 35 and the platform
20 36.

Next, a description will be given of processing of the program initiating unit 131.

25 The program initiating unit 131 reads a predetermined master configuration file at the time of starting, and performs mounting of the file system and starting of the processes according to the read

master configuration file.

Moreover, the program initiating unit 131 performs mounting processing according to the description of the mounting, when the description of the mounting is included in the read master
5 configuration file.

Furthermore, when the predetermined directory which includes the file of a predetermined extension in the root director of the file system mounted when the predetermined configuration file existed in the root of the mounted file system exists, the program initiating
10 unit 131 reads the predetermined configuration file or the file of the predetermined extension, and performs mounting processing of the file system.

In addition, "gzromfs" is an example of the file system which can be mounted by the program initiating unit 131. This file system
15 "gzromfs" manages the files of the ROMFS format which are "gzip" compression encoded.

Next, a description will be given of the preferred embodiments of the invention in which the processing to add a program to a program-initiation SD card (which is a program-initiation recording
20 medium) is carried out.

The first preferred embodiment of the present invention will be explained. FIG. 6 is a diagram for explaining an embodiment of the processing to add a program to a program-initiation SD card by using a program-addition file.

25 In the following, only the composition required for description

among the composition of the multi-function peripheral system 31 is shown in the diagram of FIG. 6, and the composition which is not required for description is omitted.

5 The multi-function peripheral system 31 is provided with the SD card slot 110 in which the program-initiation SD card 141 is inserted. The multi-function peripheral system 31 is connected to the computer terminal 160 through the network 210. Moreover, the multi-function peripheral system 31 is connected to the server 150 through the network 200. The multi-function peripheral system 31
10 carries out the processing to add the program to the program-initiation SD card 141 or the flash ROM 142 by using the program-addition file.

The server 150 is the device which creates the program-addition file used for adding the program to the program-initiation
15 SD card 141. The server 150 creates the program-addition file based on the acquired information. The server 150 transmits the created program-addition file to the MFP 31 via the network 200, or to the computer terminal 160 via the network 210.

The computer terminal 160 is connected to the server 150 via
20 the network 200. Moreover, the computer terminal 160 is connected to the multi-function peripheral system 31 via the network 210. The computer terminal 160 transmits information to the server 150 via the network 200, and transmits the program-addition file, received from the server 150, to the multi-function peripheral system 31 via
25 the network 210.

Referring to FIG. 7, a description will be given of the processing of the multi-function peripheral system 31, the server 150, and the computer terminal 160, which are shown in FIG. 6.

FIG. 7 is a diagram for explaining examples of the processing of the multi-function peripheral system, the server, and the computer terminal. The examples of the processing of FIG. 7 are directed to the transmission of the program-addition file from the server 150 to the MFP 31 through the computer terminal 160.

In the processing of FIG. 7 (a), the information of the application program, which is desired by the operator who operates the computer terminal 160 to be added to the multi-function peripheral system 31, is sent to the server 150 as the name of the requesting application program.

The operator can transmit the information of the application to be added to the multi-function peripheral system 31, to the server 150 by using the screen shown in FIG. 8A to FIG. 8D displayed on the display device of the computer terminal 160.

FIG. 8A to FIG. 8D show examples of the screen displayed on the display device of the computer terminal 160.

The operator on the computer terminal 160 who desires to add the requesting application program to the multi-function peripheral system 31 starts the pre-installed application program in the computer terminal 160, and displays the application starting screen of FIG. 8A to FIG. 8C on the display device of the computer terminal 160.

In the screen of FIG. 8A, the user ID input item, the password input item, and the application selection column are included.

In the screen of FIG. 8B, the model name input item, the device purchase date input item, and the application selection
5 column are included.

In the screen of FIG. 8C, the model ID input item and the application selection column are included.

If the operator operates the computer terminal 160 and inputs the information to any one screen of FIG. 8A to FIG. 8C, the input
10 information will be transmitted to the server 150 from the computer terminal 160.

However, in the case of the screen of FIG. 8A, the identification information (for example, the model name, the model ID, etc.) for identifying the multi-function peripheral system 31 is
15 not transmitted to the server 150.

Therefore, when there are two or more model IDs corresponding to the requesting application program, the computer terminal 160 displays the screen of FIG. 8D on the display device, so that the operator is requested to choose the desired model ID from
20 among them.

Alternatively, the server 150 may display the screens of FIG. 8A to FIG. 8D on the display device of the server, which are displayed on the display device of the computer terminal 160 as in the above-described embodiment.

25 Referring back to FIG. 7 (a), the server 150 performs the user

authentication based on both the information stored in the database 170 of FIG. 9 and the information received from the computer terminal 160. When the user authentication is completed normally, the program-addition file used for adding the program to the program-initiation SD card 141 is created.

FIG. 9 is a block diagram of an example of the database 170 provided in the server 150.

As shown in FIG. 9, the information stored in the database 170 includes the user ID, the MFP-system list, the model ID related with the multi-function peripheral system contained in the MFP-system list, the model name, the loaded application list, the purchase date, the serial ID (the SD serial ID) of the program-initiation SD card 141 installed in the MFP system, the application name related with the application program contained in the application list, and the purchase date of the application program.

In addition, the database 170 may store the newest information because it is cooperated with the system which receives the update information from one or more multi-function peripheral systems 31 at respective intervals of a predetermined time.

The server 150 receives, from the database 170, the SD serial ID of the program-initiation SD card 141 of the multi-function peripheral system 31 of concern.

Therefore, the acquisition of the SD serial ID can be easily carried out by the server 150 if each SD serial ID of one or more multi-function peripheral systems 31 is stored in the database 170.

The server 150 creates a program-addition file, which is required to add the program to the program-initiation SD card 141, as shown in FIG. 10.

FIG. 10 is a flowchart for explaining an example of the processing to create the program-addition file.

As shown in FIG. 10, the server 150 at step S10 selects the application program, the electronic signature of the application program, and the configuration file based on the model ID and the requested application name which the server 150 received from the computer terminal 160.

Progressing to step S11, the server 150 creates the MD (message digest) of the configuration file chosen at step S10 and the SD serial ID acquired from the database 170.

Progressing to step S12, the server 150 enciphers the MD created at step S11 with the private key, and creates the electronic signature of the configuration file.

Progressing to step S13, the server 150 creates the program-addition file based on the application program, the electronic signature of the application program, and the configuration file, which are chosen at step S10, and based on the electronic signature of the configuration file created at step S12.

Referring to FIG. 7 (b), the server 150 transmits the program-addition file to the computer terminal 160, the program-addition file including the application program, the electronic signature of the application program, the configuration file, and the electronic

signature of the configuration file.

In the processing of FIG. 7 (c), the computer terminal 160 receives from the server 150 the program-addition file, and writes the received program-addition file to the program-addition SD card 140 inserted in the SD card slot, as shown in FIG. 11.

FIG. 11 shows an example of the program-addition SD card in which the program-addition file is recorded. In the example of the program-addition SD card 140 in FIG. 11, "apl.cnf" indicates the configuration file, "apl.lic" indicates the electronic signature of the configuration file, "apl.mod" indicates the requesting application program, and "apl.mac" indicates the electronic signature of the application program.

In the processing of FIG. 7 (d), the NCS 61 transmits the program-addition file to the program initiating unit 131 through the SCS 68.

The program initiating unit 131 performs the electronic authentication check of the requesting application program and the configuration file using the authentication check library 134, in order to check the justification of the received program-addition file. For example, the authentication check of the application program is performed as in the flowchart of FIG. 12.

FIG. 12 is a flowchart from explaining an example of the processing of the authentication check of the requesting application program.

At step S20, the program initiating unit 131 acquires the

model ID.

Progressing to step S21, the program initiating unit 131 creates the MD1 (message digest) based on the model ID acquired at step S20 and the application program included in the program-addition file.

Progressing to step S22, the program initiating unit 131 creates the MD2 (message digest) by deciphering the electronic signature of the application, contained in the program-addition file, with the public key.

Progressing to step S23, the program initiating unit 131 determines whether the MD1 and the MD2 are equal to each other.

If it is determined at step S23 that the MD1 and the MD2 are equal, the program initiating unit 131 at step S24 determines that the authentication check of the requesting application program is set to OK.

If it is determined at step S23 that the MD1 and the MD2 are not equal, the program initiating unit 131 at step S25 determines that the authentication check of the requesting application program is set to NG. This is because, if the MD1 and the MD2 are not equal, the possibility that the requesting application program included in the program-addition file is altered is considered high.

Moreover, the authentication check of the configuration file is performed by the program initiating unit 131 as in the flowchart of FIG. 13.

FIG. 13 shows an example of the processing of the

authentication check of the configuration file.

At step S30, the program initiating unit 131 acquires the application SD serial ID from the program-initiation SD card 141.

Progressing to step S31, the program initiating unit 131
5 creates the MD1 based on the SD serial ID obtained at step S30 and the configuration file contained in the program-addition file.

Progressing step S32, the program initiating unit 131 creates the MD2 by deciphering the electronic signature of the configuration file, contained in the program-addition file, with the public key.

10 Progressing step S33, the program initiating unit 131 determines whether the MD1 and the MD2 are equal to each other.

If it is determined at step S33 that the MD1 and the MD2 are equal, the program initiating unit 131 at step S34 determines that the authentication check of the configuration file is set to OK.

15 If it is determined at step S33 that the MD1 and the MD2 are not equal, the program initiating unit 131 at step S35 that the authentication check of the configuration file is set to NG. This is because, if the MD1 and the MD2 are not equal, the possibility that the requesting application program included in the program-addition
20 file is altered is considered high.

After the program initiating unit 131 checks the justification of the program-addition file, the control of the program initiating unit 131 is transferred to the processing of FIG. 7 (e).

In the processing of FIG. 7 (e), the program initiating unit 131
25 notifies the SCS 68 that the preparation to add the program is

completed.

The SCS 68 writes a part or all of the program-addition file to the program-initiation SD card 141 or the flash ROM 142. In the present embodiment, according to the description of the configuration file, the SCS 68 is requested to write the program-addition file to either of the program-initiation SD card 141 or the flash ROM 142. Alternatively, the present embodiment may be modified so that the addition location selection screen as shown in FIG. 14 is displayed on the control panel 120, and the operator is requested to choose desired one from among the addition locations.

The addition location selection screen of FIG. 14 contains the character string in which the selection of the addition location is requested, and the selection button for choosing the desired addition location.

When the program-initiation SD card 141 is chosen by the operator as the addition location, the SCS 68 is caused to write the requesting application program, the electronic signature of the application program, the configuration file, and the electronic signature of the configuration file to the program-initiation SD card 141.

FIG. 15 shows an example of the program-initiation SD card in which the program is added.

In the example of FIG. 15, "apl.cnf" under the directory "init.d" indicates the configuration file, and "apl.lic" indicates the electronic signature file which is used for the authentication check

of the configuration file. Moreover, "apl.mod" under the directory "module" indicates the requesting application program, and "apl.mac" indicates the electronic signature of the application program.

5 On the other hand, when the flash ROM 142 is chosen by the operator as the addition location, the SCS 68 is caused to write the requesting application program and the configuration file to the flash ROM 142. In starting of the program from the flash ROM 142, the electronic signature check is not performed. Hence, the writing
10 of the electronic signature of the application program and the electronic signature of the configuration file to the flash ROM 142 is omitted in this case.

 In the above examples of the processing of FIG. 7, the program-addition file is transmitted from the server 150 to the MFP
15 31 through the computer terminal 160. Alternatively, the program-addition file may be transmitted from the server 150 directly to the MFP 31 without using the computer terminal 160.

 In such alternative embodiment, the processing of FIG. 7 (a) is carried out so that the operator who operates the MFP 31 or the
20 server 150 inputs or transmits the information of the desired application program to be added to the MFP 31, to the server 150 as the name of the requesting application program. The operator can input or transmit the information of the application program to be added to the MFP 31, to the server 150 by using the screen shown in
25 FIG. 8A to FIG. 8D displayed on the display device of the server

150 or the operation panel 120 of the MFP 31.

Moreover, in such alternative embodiment, the processing of FIG. 7 (b) or FIG. 7 (c) is carried out so that the server 150 transmits the program-addition file to the NCS 61 of the MFP 31 via the network 200, and the program-addition file including at least the application program, the electronic signature of the application program, the configuration file, and the electronic signature of the configuration file.

In any case, according to the processing of FIG. 7, the requesting application program, the electronic signature of the application program, the configuration file, and the electronic signature of the configuration file are downloaded via the network, and the program-initiation SD card 141 of FIG. 15 can be created easily.

In the case in which the program is started using the program-initiation SD card 141 of FIG. 15, the authentication checks of the application program and the configuration file are performed according to the processing of FIG. 12 and FIG. 13, and only the program whose justification has been confirmed, among those currently recorded in the program-initiation SD card 141, can be started safely.

In the above-described embodiments, the description is focused on the processing of the multi-function peripheral system 31, and the same is easily applicable to the information processing apparatus 1 shown in FIG. 1 and FIG. 2.

The present invention is not limited to the above-described embodiments, and variations and modifications may be made without departing from the scope of the present invention.

EFFECTS OF THE INVENTION

5 According to the present invention, the program-addition file is created in response to the medium identification information so that starting of the program on the information processing apparatus is allowed by the program-addition file with the program stored in the program-initiation recording medium. Starting of the program
10 on the information processing apparatus is not allowed with a program stored in a different program-initiation recording medium. Therefore, it is possible to prevent the illegal use of a program added to the program-initiation recording medium and establish the security of the program added thereto.

15 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a block diagram of an embodiment of the information processing apparatus of the invention.

FIG. 2 is a block diagram of a hardware composition of the information processing apparatus of FIG. 1.

20 FIG. 3 is a block diagram of an embodiment of the multi-function peripheral system of the invention.

FIG. 4 is a block diagram of a hardware composition of the multi-function peripheral system of FIG. 3.

FIG. 5 is a block diagram of an embodiment of a MFP booting
25 unit in the multi-function peripheral system of FIG. 3.

FIG. 6 is a diagram for explaining the processing to add a program to a program-initiation SD card by using a program-addition file.

5 FIG. 7 is a diagram for explaining examples of processing of the multi-function peripheral system, the server, and the computer terminal.

FIG. 8A, FIG. 8B, FIG. 8C and FIG. 8D are diagrams of examples of the screen displayed on the display device of the computer terminal.

10 FIG. 9 is a block diagram of an example of the database provided in the server.

FIG. 10 is a flowchart for explaining an example of the processing to create a program-addition file.

15 FIG. 11 is a diagram of an example of the program-addition file recorded in the program-addition SD card.

FIG. 12 is a flowchart for explaining an example of processing of the authentication check of the requested application program.

FIG. 13 is a flowchart for explaining an example of processing of the authentication check of the configuration file.

20 FIG. 14 is a diagram of an example of the program-addition location selection screen.

FIG. 15 is a diagram of an example of the program-initiation SD card to which the program is added.

DESCRIPTION OF THE REFERENCE NUMERALS

25 1 information processing apparatus

	2, 32	software group
	3	boot unit
	4	hardware resources
	11, 133	SD card control unit
5	12	program addition unit
	27, 110	SD card slot
	31	MFP
	33	MFP booting unit
	34	hardware resources
10	61	NCS
	63	OCS
	65	ECS
	68	SCS
	120	operation panel
15	131	program initiating unit
	132, 134	check library
	140	application addition SD card
	141	application initiation SD card
	142	flash ROM
20	150	server
	160	computer terminal
	170	database
	200	network

ABSTRACT

OBJECT

To provide a program addition method and system which creates a program-addition file on a recording medium in response to identification information of a program-initiation recording medium, in order to prevent the illegal use of a program added to the program-initiation recording medium and establish the security of the program added thereto.

CONSTITUTION

In a program addition method for a system including a server 150, a computer terminal 160, and an information processing apparatus 31, a program-addition file created by the server 150 is transmitted to the computer terminal 160, the program-addition file is stored in a recording medium 140 by the computer terminal 160, and the program is added to a program-initiation recording medium 141 by the information processing apparatus 31 using the program-addition file stored in the recording medium 140.

SELECTED DRAWING

FIG. 6

FIG.1

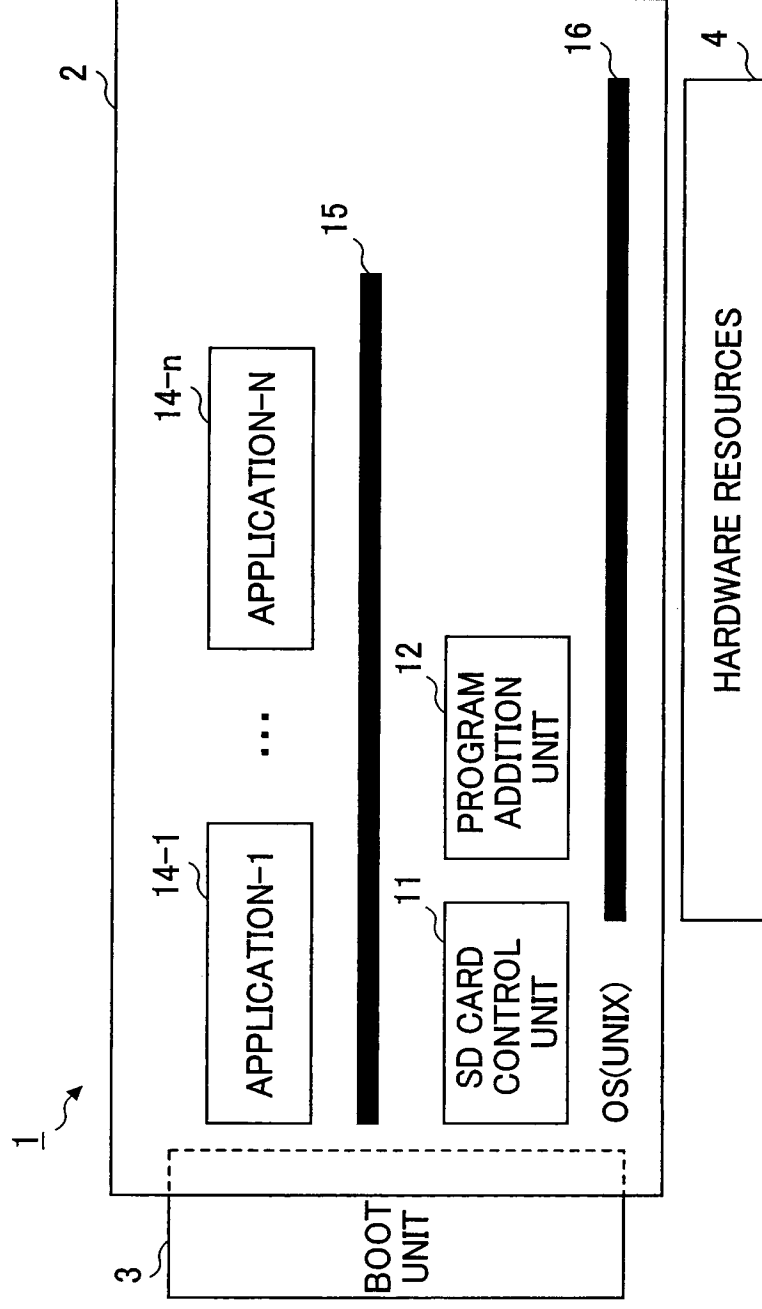


FIG.2

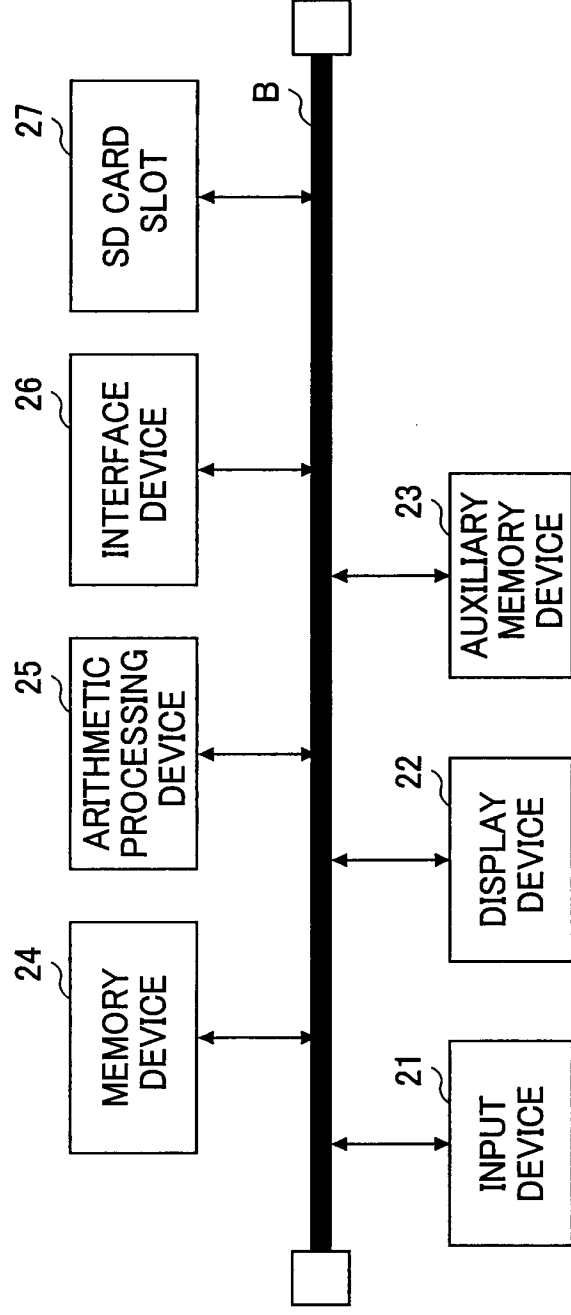


FIG.3

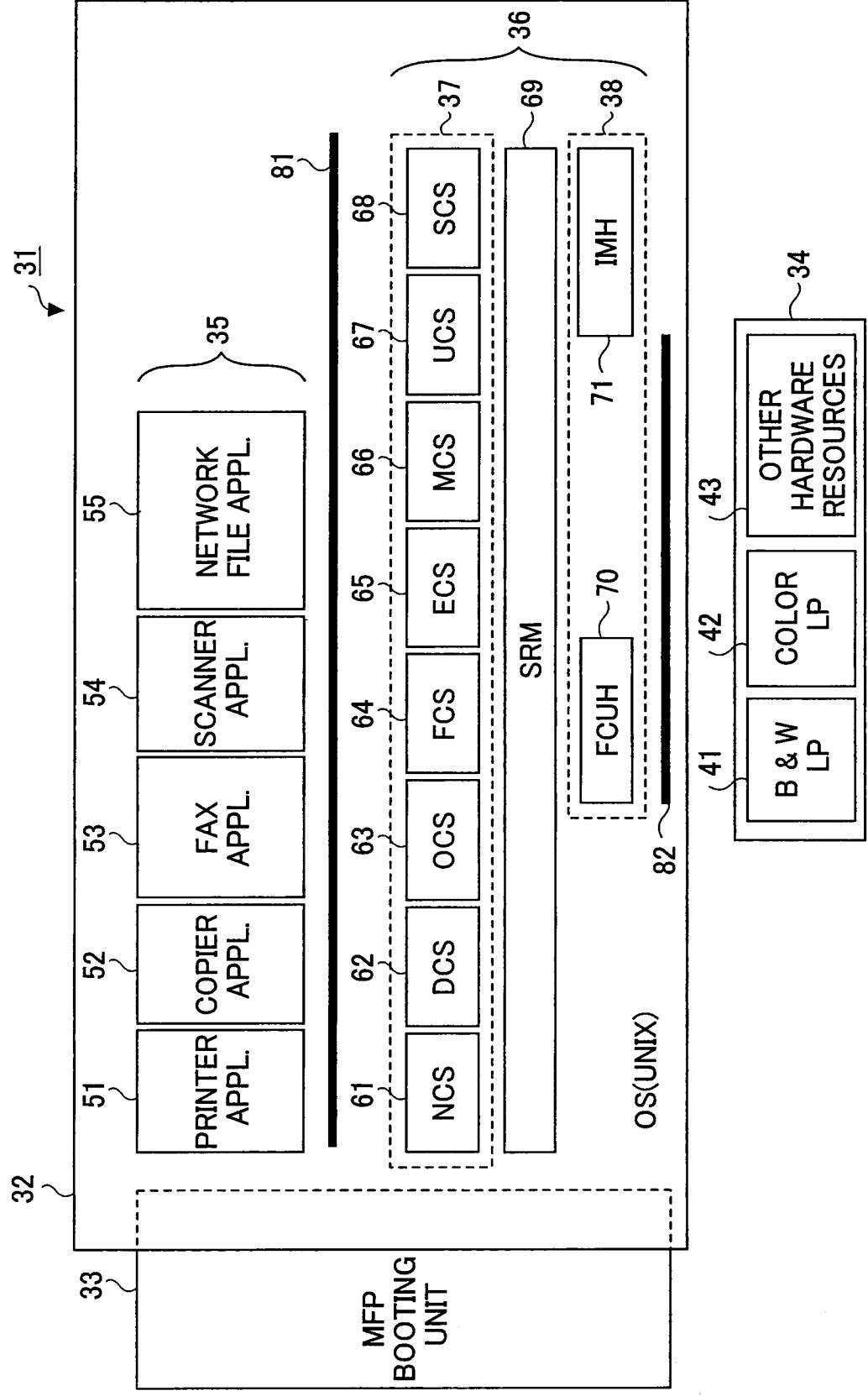


FIG.4

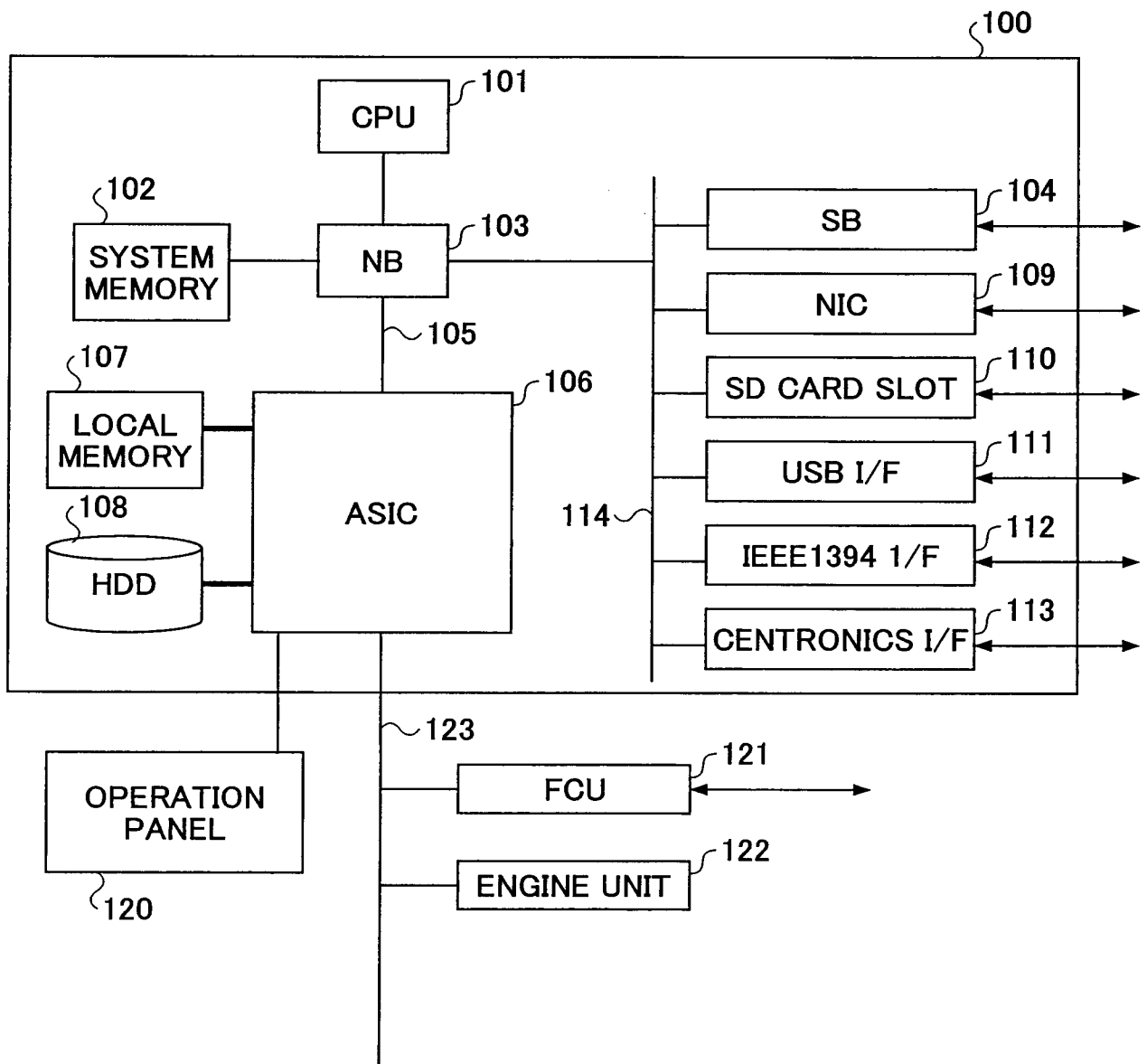


FIG.5

33

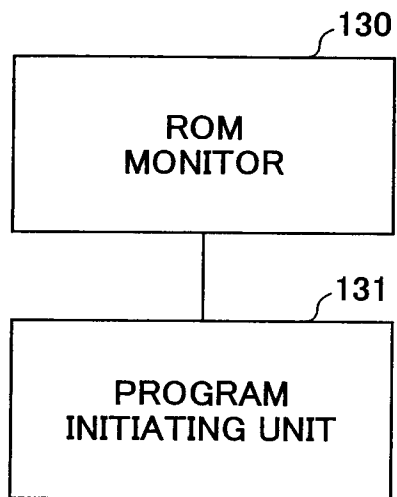


FIG.6

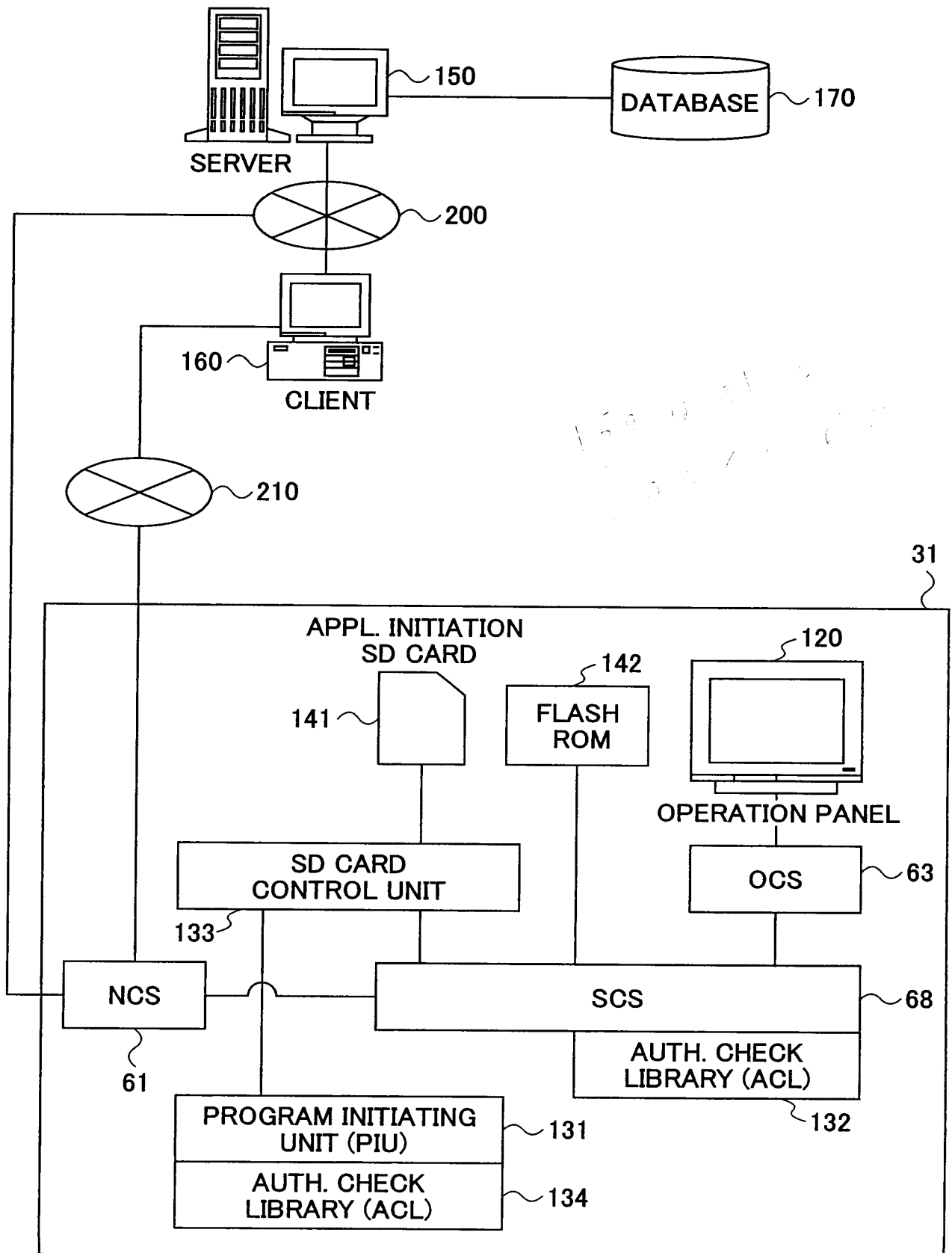


FIG. 7

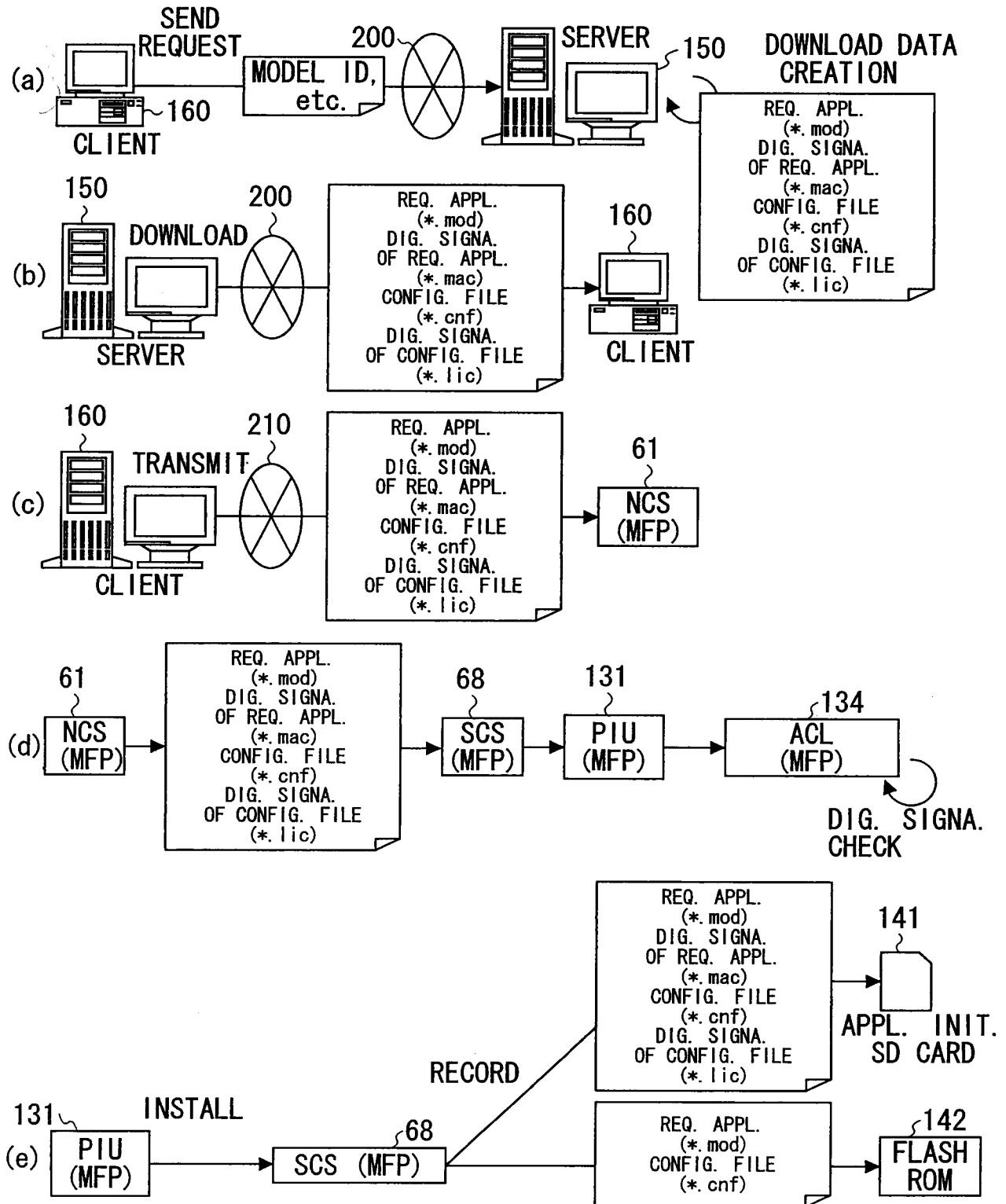


FIG.8A

REQ. APPL. CHOICE		<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="X"/>
USER ID	<input type="text"/>			
PASSWORD	<input type="text"/>			
APPL. CHOICE	<input type="text"/>			<input type="button" value="▼"/>

FIG.8B

REQ. APPL. CHOICE		<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="X"/>
MODEL NAME	<input type="text"/>			
DATE OF PURCHASE	<input type="text"/>			
APPL. CHOICE	<input type="text"/>			<input type="button" value="▼"/>

FIG.8C

REQ. APPL. CHOICE		<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="X"/>
MODEL ID	<input type="text"/>			
APPL. CHOICE	<input type="text"/>			<input type="button" value="▼"/>

FIG.8D

DETAILS OF REQ. APPL. CHOICE		<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="X"/>
REQ. APPL. NAME	PRINTER APPL.			
SELECT ONE OF FOLLOWING MODEL IDs				
MODEL ID	A00-01234567			<input type="button" value="▲"/>
	B12-34567890			<input type="button" value="▼"/>
	CDE-00000000			<input type="button" value="▼"/>
				<input type="button" value="▼"/>
				<input type="button" value="▼"/>

FIG.9

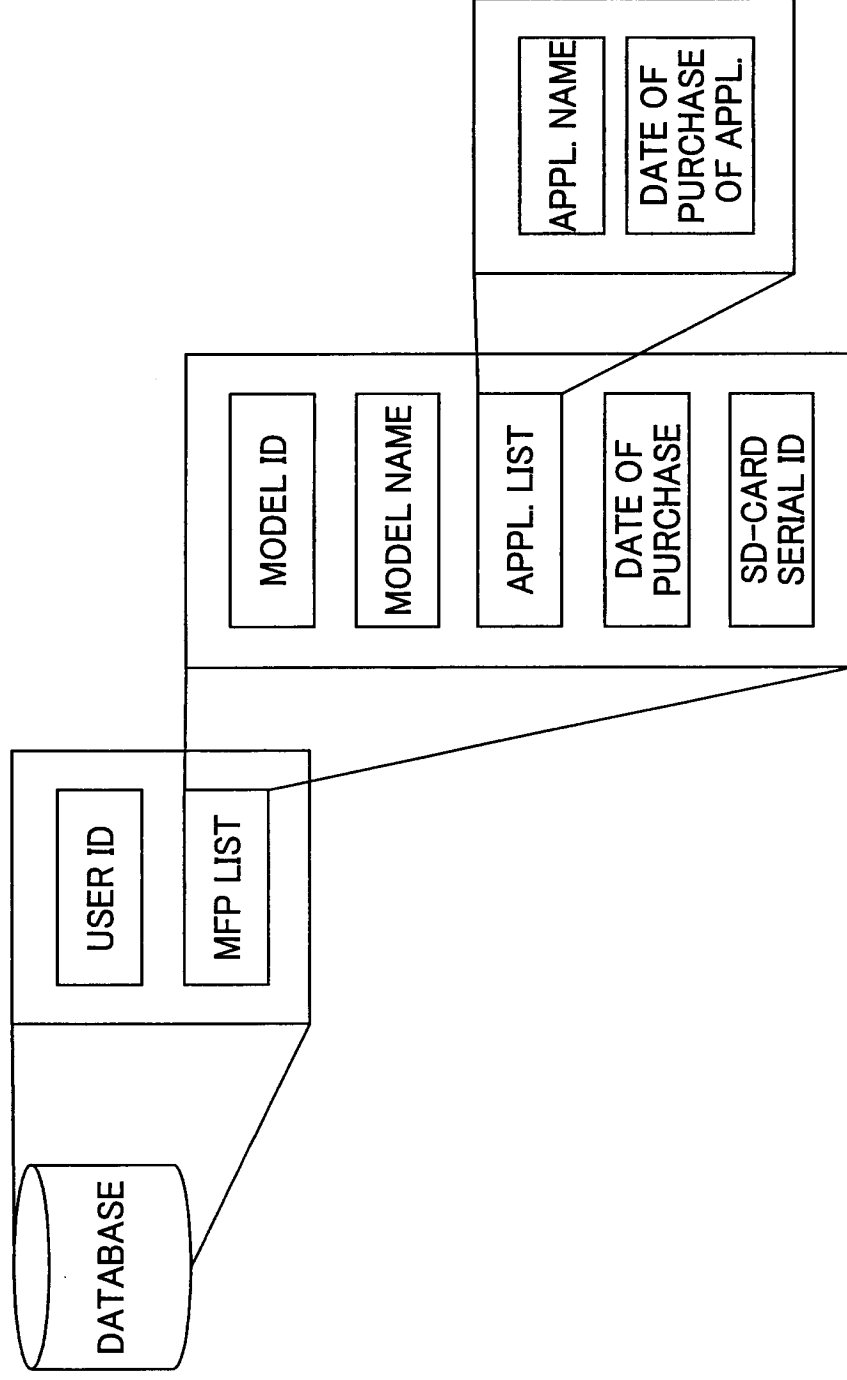


FIG.10

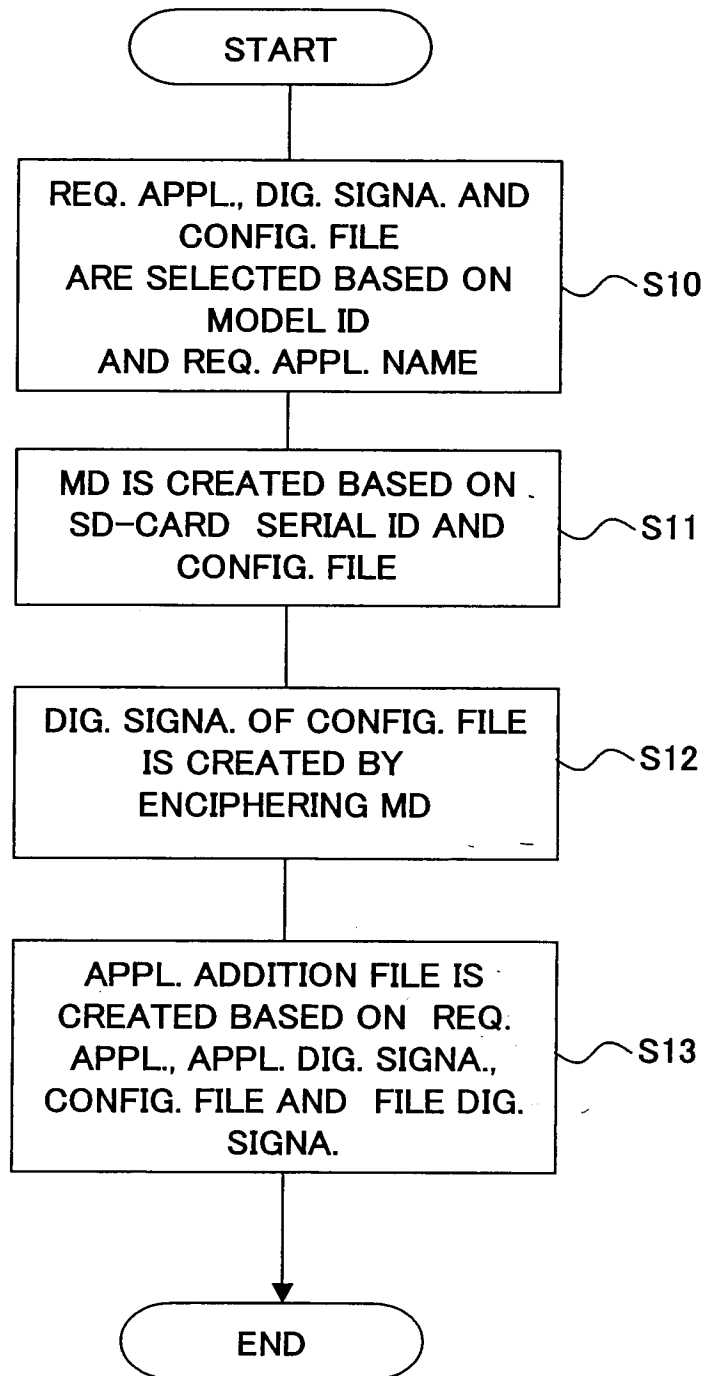


FIG.11

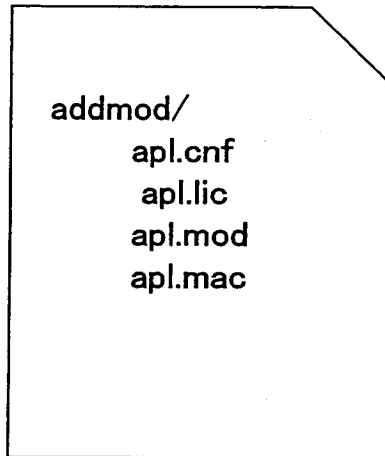


FIG.12

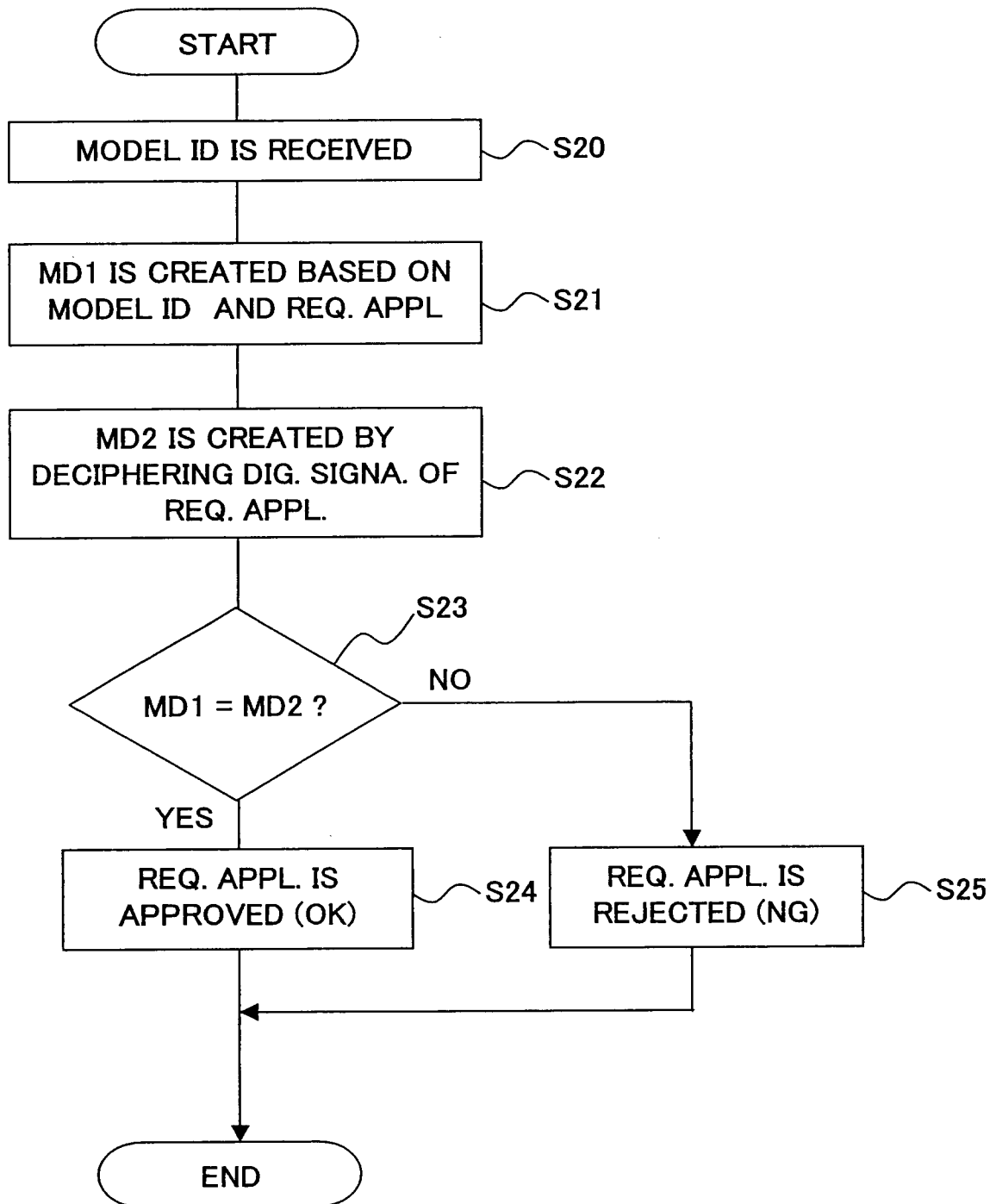


FIG.13

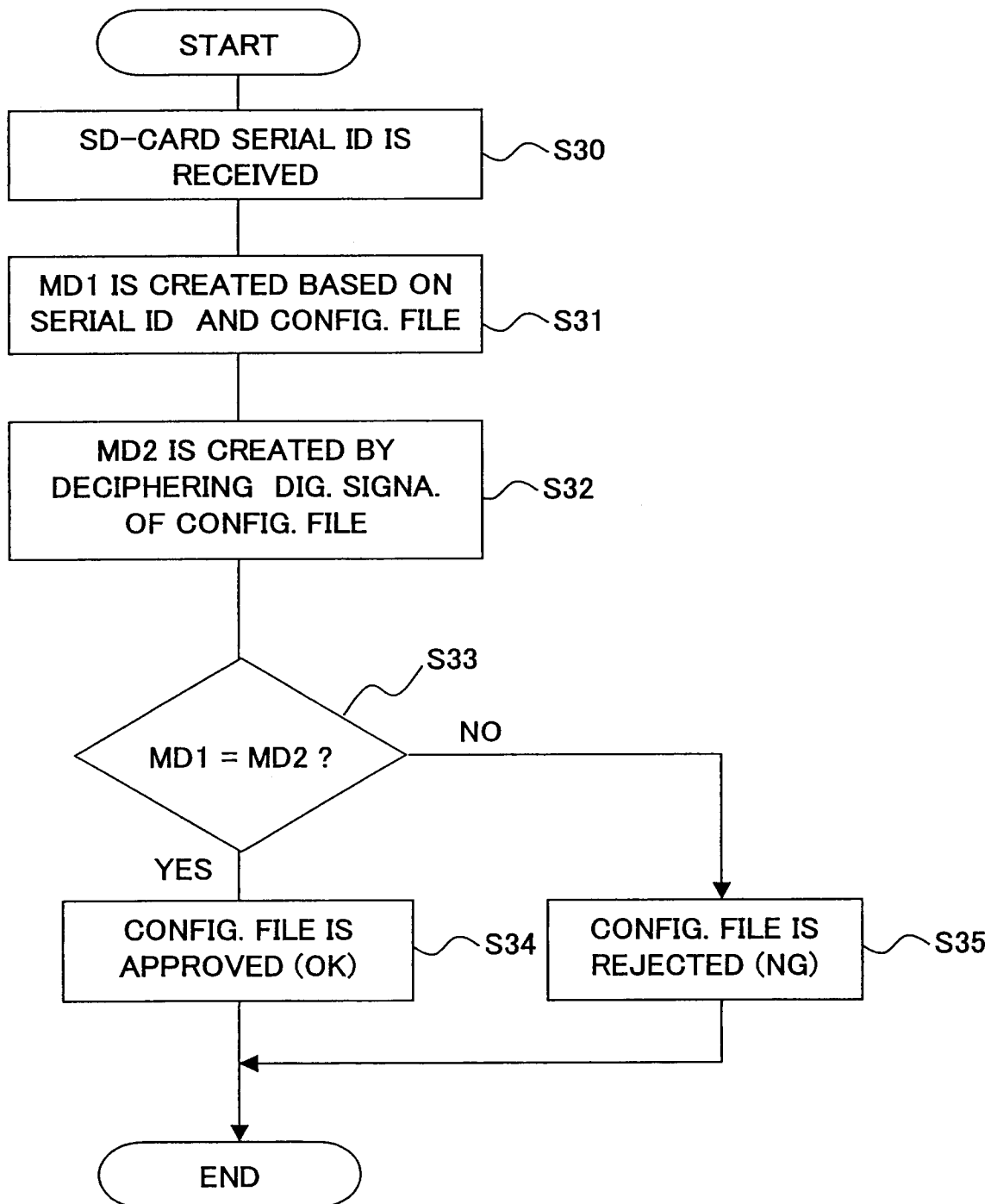


FIG.14

PLURAL LOCATIONS FOR APPL. ADDITION EXIST.
SELECT ONE OF THE LOCATIONS

APPLICATION DIMM

APPLICATION SD

FIG.15

